Morning Oregonian.

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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.

ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

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OFFICE—No. 5 Washington street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 629 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs,)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 Between Read C. dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMEOPATHIST,
Those professing this MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.
Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.
Portland, Jan. 10, 1864. dtf

DR. SLOAN,
HOMEOPATHIST
OFFICE—123 First St., over Skidmore's Drug Store.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 9 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M., and 5 to 6 P. M. aultf

JAMES DICKSON, M. D.,
Physician & Surgeon.
Office—In CARTER'S BUILDING, Corner of Front and Alder streets.
Dr. Dickson is a regular graduate of Medicine in an English University, as well as at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., and has been practising for the last ten years in Victoria, Vancouver Island, during which he was Surgeon to the Royal Hospital. He offers his services to the citizens of Portland, and their families, believing that assiduous attention to the duties of his profession will secure him confidence and esteem.
j2rdtf

DR. O. J. THIBODO,
(Graduate of Queen's College.)
Physician, Surgeon, &c.
Office & Residence—N. W. Cor. Oakland First Streets.
d24dtf2p

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,
Dentist.
DENTAL ROOMS,
No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon
dtf d3ptf

O. P. MASON,
Attorney-at-Law,
103 Front Street,
jy28 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

W. LAIR HILL. M. F. MULKEY.
HILL & MULKEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Corner Front and Alder Streets,
y34 PORTLAND, OREGON. tf

J. W. WHALLEY. M. W. FECHHEIMER, Notary Public.
WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—No. 86 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
y20 Particular attention paid to collections. tf

J. B. UNDERWOOD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
feb18dtf EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
feb29 CORVALLIS, OREGON. dtf

DAVIS. D. W. LIGHTENTHALER.
DAVIS & LICHTENTHALER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
LA GRANDE, OREGON.
WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PRO... in Bankruptcy. Collections promptly made and remitted. oc284tf

L. RAY C. GIBBS. CHAS. W. PARRISH.
GIBBS & PARRISH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
We have an Abstract of Land Titles in Portland, and give particular attention to Real Estate business.
OFFICE—In Holmes' Building, First street.
jltf

E. F. RUSSELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
And Solicitor in Chancery,
ALBANY, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of Oregon. Special attention given to the REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTING BUSINESS.
OFFICE—In Parrish's Block. je29dtf

JAMES L. DALY,
GENERAL AGENT,
194 Front Street, Portland, Oregon,
(Opposite the Franklin Book Store.)
WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE Collecting and Adjusting of Accounts, Bills and Notes; Negotiating Inland Bills; Effecting Loans; Selling and Renting Real Estate; House Renting, and to the General Agency business in all its branches. aug6dtf

MRS. M. A. THOMPSON,
Electrician, Accoucher, and Eclectic Physician.
CHRONIC DISEASES, SUCH AS PARALYSIS, Rheumatism, Glandular Enlargement Deafness and Neuralgia, treated successfully.
Special attention given to Female Diseases. Examinations made by the Electric Battery connecting the nerve forces.
Board, with a pleasant home for a limited number of Patients.
Calls will be attended to in any part of the city.
Batteries for sale and instructions given upon the scientific use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—NO. 91 THIRD STREET East side, near the M. E. Church, Portland.
Portland, June 12th, 1868. dtf

P. G. STEWART,
(Late STEWART & GOURLEY,)
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
AND DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches and Jeweler's Goods.
Agent for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, also for Wilcox & Gibbs' Letter "G"
Sewing Machines.
jy24dawtf

J. M. KEELER,
OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION
AGENCY,
95 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK CITY.
FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT AND FOR Storage and Sale of Exports
Orders and Consignments respectfully solicited
General Rate of Commission, 5 p. c.
Also, Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon ap30dtf

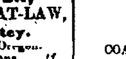
WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS,
HAVING OPENED OFFICES AT
Forest Grove, Hillsboro', Lafayette, McMinnville, Buttevville and Dayton,
WE WILL DISPATCH AN EXPRESS EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY MORNING, by J. C. Jamison's Line, carrying Treasure, Freight and Packages. WELLS, FARGO & CO
Portland, Dec. 1, 1868 dtf

Miscellaneous.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
(Successors to A. M. & L. M. Seid.)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN
STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES,
TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON GALVANIZED SHEET IRON, ZINC, Babbit Metal, Brazers, Tinned and Planished Copper, Sheet Lead, Force and Lift Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose and Connections, Hydraulic Pipe, Nozzles and Rams, Tinsmiths' Tools, Machine and Materials, and a complete assortment of House Furnishing Hardware.
Importing our goods principally Direct from the East, enables us to offer inducements to the Trade as well as other Houses in this Coast.
Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S SAFES and for the celebrated EXCELSIOR FORCE PUMPS for Manufacturers and Miners' use.
No. 34 Front Street,
In O. S. N. Company's Fire-Proof Block,
Jan14d3ptf Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND MACHINE WORKS!
Second St.—Bet. Alder and Morrison,
PORTLAND OREGON
H. GOULDING,
MANUFACTURER OF
Stationary & Steamboat Engines,
QUARTZ MILL AND MINING MACHINERY,
FLOUR MILL, SAW MILL, AND AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY
Also, a WATER WHEEL that will get more power out of water than any other style in use. jy8tf

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

GEO. T. CASEBOLT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
Hard Wood Lumber,
ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS,

COACH TRIMMINGS & COACH HARDWARE,
24 & 26 Beale St., near Intersection Pine & Market,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW ADditions to our Stock, carefully selected in the Eastern Markets, which we offer at the LOWEST CASH RATES my14dlply

OREGON
IRON WORKS!
South Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
HAVE FACILITIES FOR TURNING OUT FIRST class work equal to any establishment on the coast.
Engines & Boilers,
Flouring & Saw Mills,
Quartz Mills,
and all kinds of castings and machinery made to order.
H. BLOOMFIELD, Superintendent. JOHN B. PRICE, President.
Portland, Feb. 10, 1869. dtf

GUSTAVE BONNARD,
WATCH-MAKING AND REPAIRING
SHOP,
No. 12 Alder St., Portland, Oregon.
PRICES:
For Cleaning and Repairing Watches, $1 50
For Repairing Clocks, 1 00
ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR
Having had twenty-five years experience in LONDON and PARIS, he feels confident of pleasing the public. oc17dtf

CHAS. HOPKINS,
(Successor to G. W. VAUGHN,)
DEALER IN
Hardware & Cutlery,
IRON AND STEEL,
Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'
TOOLS, PLOWS,
REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,
AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,
No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
feb4 PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE COPARTNERSHIP BETWEEN CHANCY C. Hosford, John Dolan, and George A. Pershin doing business in East Portland on the Ferry landing, by mutual consent, this 8 Pershin having purchased the interest of Chancy C. Hosford in and to said business.

JOHN DOLAN,
G. S. PERSHIN
C. C. HOSFORD

E. Portland, Feb 2, 1869.

John Dolan and George A. Pershin hereby give notice that they will continue the business of General Merchandise, under the firm name of PERSHIN & DOLAN, having assumed all debts and liabilities of the late partnership of Pershin, Dolan & Co. and to whom all accounts of said partnership must be paid. JOHN DOLAN
G. S. PERSHIN

East Portland, Feb 3, 1869 fe15dtm

NUCLEUS HOTEL,
CORNER MARKET AND THIRD STS.
SAN FRANCISCO.
STERN & HESS Proprietors.
The Nucleus is in every respect a first class Hotel and we shall be glad to see our friends and the business men of San Francisco generally. STERN & HESS
jan1 dawtf

Swift's New Store!
ON THE UPPER UMATILLA.
IS NOW COMPLETED AND IS WELL FILLED WITH
A NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
Go and See Him, Everybody!
an24dtf

SALES OF THE FLORENCE ON this Coast, in 1867, exceeded by $16,000 those of any other Sewing Machine, as shown by the Sworn Statements of the Agents at the Internal Revenue Office. jl7dsw3m

Banking and Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL. $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and take against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President.
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary,
H. H. JOHNSTON,
Agent for Oregon,
Office—No. 2 Holmes' Block, Portland, Oregon.
Portland, Nov 1, 1868 dtf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital..... $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland, April 10, 1867. dtf

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
Depository of the United States,
No. 73 Front Street (up-stairs),
SELL BOTH
COIN AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE
On SAN FRANCISCO AND THE ATLANTIC STATES.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY. Interest allowed on Time Deposits of Coin.
LEGAL TENDER NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
U. S. REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE.
OFFICE HOURS—From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
nov13dtf

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO COLLECtions, and all other business appertaining to Banking.
SIGHT AND TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale. Government Securities bought and sold. au6dawtf

J. C. JAMISON'S
STAGE EXPRESS LINE!
CARRYING U. S. MAIL, AND WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS,
FROM PORTLAND TO
Hillsboro, Centerville, Forest Grove, Chehalem Lafayette, and McMinnville.
MAIL STAGE LEAVES OFFICE 21 WASHINGton street, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 6 A. M. for McMinnville and intermediate stations. Returning, leaves McMinnville on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 11 A. M., Lafayette at 1 P. M., and Forest Grove on Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 6½ A. M.
All orders for Goods, accompanied by the cash, promptly attended to, and collections made at any of the above named places.
Passengers booked and Freight received at the Office, at American Exchange Hotel.
L. P. W. QUIMBY, Agent for J. C. Jamison.
feb15dtf

STONER & NEAL,
(Successors to W. H. Bennett,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
PRODUCE, &c.,
First Street, bet. Morrison and Alder,
PORTLAND, OREGON
Highest Market Price paid for Produce. Goods delivered free of charge. n24tf

Franklin Fish Market
136 FIRST STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
A. FERRARA & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN GAME, FISH, GROCERIES, VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS, &c.
Goods delivered to our customers in any part of the city free of charge. Cash paid for Country Produce. dtf

A. H. JOHNSON.
WHOLESALE
Butcher and Packer.
SLAUGHTER HOUSE One Mile West of Couch & Flander's Wharf.
RESIDENCE—Corner Eighth and Salmon streets
s18dawtf

CALDWELL & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN
Dairy Produce,
241 Clay Street, San Francisco.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED
s14d2m

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
ROCK, COARSE GROUND DAIRY AND TABLE SALT, always on hand and for sale in quantities to suit.
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
Sole Agents, San Francisco
jy4dtf

SAN FRANCISCO RESTAURANT,
COR. VINE AND FRONT STS.
THE PROPRIETOR BEG LEAVE TO inform the public that he has opened a NEW RESTAURANT. Everything the market affords kept constantly on hand.
Meals and lodging at all hours day and night.
Private Suites of Rooms for Small Parties. Board per week, $ [illegible]
jy28dtf CHAS. BLUM, Proprietor.

DOCTOR JIM,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, Cor. Wall's Walks [illegible] begs leave to call the attention of Portland and vicinity to that he has permanently located himself on the North side of Washington street, second door from First, where he will attend to diseases of all kinds, and warrants a permanent cure for all Diseases on the extremes of a body, or no charge. d29dtf

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
NOTICE.
THE STEAMERS
SENATOR AND ALERT
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK, PORTLAND, DAILY, FOR OREGON CITY, at 6½ o'clock, A. M. and 2 P. M.,
Connecting with the Company's Boats at Oregon City,
EVERY MORNING (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
FOR SALEM,
ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
and on
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY
For Dayton,
Lafayette, McMinnville, Harrisburg, and Eugene City.
FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT REDUCED RATES.
Salem, Dec. 1, 1868. A. A. McCULLY, dtf Pres't P. T. Co.

WILLAMETTE STEAMBOAT CO.'S
NOTICE.
THE STEAMER
"SUCCESS,"
LEAVES CANEMAH FOR ALBANY, ON MONDAYS and THURSDAYS
The Steamer Ann
Connects with the "Success," at Albany, for EUGENE CITY, AND ALL INTERMEDIATE POINTS.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
J. H. SMITH,
d15dtf At the American Exchange Wharf.

For Monticello.
THE STEAMER
"CARRIE,"
J. C. KINGSLEY ..... Master,
Will make regular tri-weekly trips to Monticello, leaving Willamette Steam Navigation Co.'s Wharf, foot of Washington street, on TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, at 8 A. M.
RETURNING—Will leave Monticello, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY, at 7 A. M.
For Freight or Passage, apply
feb9d1m ON BOARD.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHAT-CHEER HOUSE,
Nos. 126, 128, and 130, Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Reduced Rates!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THIS well-known House, solicit increased patronage from the traveling public.
The House has lately been refitted and they are now able to offer additional inducements to their patrons.
The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, and is under the immediate supervision of the proprietors. Rooms well furnished and well ventilated.
A large fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables.
Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge.
BOARD, per week..... $5 00
BOARD and LODGING, per week..... $6 to 8 00
Nothing will be left undone which lies in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.
feb1dtf LYONS, LEONARD & CO.

Cosmopolitan Hotel.
(Formerly Arrigoni's)
PORTLAND, OREGON.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANnounces that having purchased this widely known and well kept hotel, they are now prepared to offer superior accommodations to the traveling public at
Greatly Reduced Prices.
This Hotel is located nearest the steamboat landings.
The Hotel coach will be in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house free of charge.
W. R. SEWALL,
GEO. B. COOK
s7dtf Proprietors

NEW COLUMBIAN
HOTEL!
Nos. 118, 120 and 122 Front Street
PORTLAND, OREGON.
E. CARNEY ..... Proprietor.
THE LARGEST, BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT Hotel in Portland. Located in the center of business and near all the Steamboat Landings.
AT REDUCED RATES! Board and Lodging per day from $1 50, to $2 according to the room occupied.
Rooms newly furnished and well ventilated. Superior accommodations for families.
The COLUMBIAN COACH will be in attendance at all the landings to convey passengers and baggage to and from this Hotel Free of Charge. jy15dtf

WESTERN HOTEL
PORTLAND, OREGON,
DORCY & HOLMES,
PROPRIETORS
THIS HOTEL is located near the Steamship Landing.
The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House FREE OF CHARGE. ul3dtf

EMPIRE HOTEL,
Dallas City.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the traveling public, that the alterations on his Hotel are now completed, and he flatters himself that he can offer superior inducements to those who favor him with their patronage, as it is his intention to keep a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
Nothing will be left undone to make his guests comfortable. Hotel Omnibus to carry passengers to and from the Hotel free. Large Fire-Proof safe in the office for safe keeping of valuables. Hotel open all night in charge of a careful watchman. THOS. SMITH,
jy14dtf Proprietor Empire Hotel, Dallas, Oregon

Salem Restaurant!
COMMERCIAL STREET,
(Opposite the State House,)
Salem, Oregon.
CHARLES DICKINSON
HAVING THOROUGHLY RENOVATED THIS House, and having Lodgings attached, is prepared to accommodate Boarders in No. 1 style, with or without Lodgings, would solicit a call from the traveling public, assuring them that no pains will be spared to accommodate them to the best that the market affords. s4dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!
(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE)
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON
L. P. W. QUIMBY,
HAVING taken the above House wishes to announce to the public that he has now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable.
FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE HOUSE
Portland, Feb 4, 1867 dtf

COLONIAL
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
Government Street
VICTORIA, V. I. B. C.
Bed Rooms furnished and every attention paid to the comfort of Travelers.
Private Dining Rooms for Ladies and Families.
s17dtf S. DRIARD, Proprietor

BLACKSMITH'S AND CARPENTERS' TOOLS, for sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO.

Precious Metals

From the Philadelphia Press.

When art and science slept, nature made her economy perfect by placing man amid the spontaneous growth of the East. As the advance of civilization sprung up, the human race pushed westward, and at every movement it has brought into requisition greater varieties of soil and climate, and made every production of the earth tribute to its enterprise. This continent completes the transit of humanity around the globe. It is believed to be not only the place of final experiment in all things pertaining to human destiny, but in the relationship of man to God. It is, as it were, the second Eden, where man is on trial again, with the tree of good and evil before him, but with the means of escaping its baneful fruit provided. Let him who will, eat and live, or abstain and live!

The composite character of that territory included in the United States, or, if we choose to look further through the spectacles of destiny, the continent of North America, which will be the future United States, affords abundant evidence of the Providential design, that here slumbers the materials necessary for the ultimate independence of mankind. That our soil, the richest in the world, needs rejuvenating; that our minerals sleep snugly in the arms of mountain-covered rocks; that our climate must be guarded against in its not unpleasant extremes, that good morals require carefully studied regulations; that Government must be guarded sedulously against insidious and open attack, all go to heighten man's responsibility and cause him to draw incontinently upon the appliances which Heaven metes only to the deserving. All the auxiliaries of development abound in a richness and profusion which eclipse even the dreams of trans Atlantic adventurers. One of the potential arms which go to make our continental entirety, to increase national and individual wealth, and, if rightly used, to enhance human happiness, is the precious metals.

If in anything we vie with Europe or the East, or if in any excel, 'tis certain that, in auriferous and argentiferous deposits, comparison becomes a feeble means of expressing their vastness and richness. It is well for us that the Dorado which impoupled Spain, and gave reins to the perfidy of Pizarro, was located by fable among the Andes. It is well that the ambition of Cortez met with elopment amid the hills of the Montezumas. It is well De Soto found glory and a grave beneath the turbid waves of the Mississippi. Else would the Territories of the United States, which are now unfolding their wealth and pouring it in augmenting streams into the lap of a fostering and enlightened Government, have been peopled by a revengeful and rapacious race, and perhaps been subject to a dynasty which breathed poison over a third of the civilized world, and which is now engaged in purging itself of inate rottenness.

That science which has enabled man to reconstruct the earth, and account for all the phenomena of metalliferous growth and deposit, has spanned the United States with two jeweled phylacteries, each passing in the direction of and hugging the eastern base of the Appalachian and Rocky Mountain chains. Whilst on the Atlantic coast this description may serve to bring within the limits of reasonable comprehension the gold and silver-bearing localities on the Pacific, it will afford but a dim criterion of extent. We must conceive of measureless areas of alternate prairie and mountain; of bewildering mazes of jutting spurs and threading canyons; of parks which open into luxuriant stretches, rivaling in size the untrodden pampas of Brazil, and within which the largest States of Europe could nestle. All these constitute the gold and silver producing regions of the Pacific.

The Atlantic States which yield gold in workable quantities are Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama. In 1829 the first deposit of gold from Virginia was made in the mint, the sum deposited being $2,500. From that period up to 1861, from $50,000 to $100,000 were taken out annually, and the net yield for the whole time may be set down as considerably over $1,500,000. From 1804 to 1827, North Carolina furnished all the gold of the United States, amounting, according to returns at the mint, to $170,000. The aggregate of all her gold yield up to 1866, according to data from the same source, is about $9,300,000. Gold mining began in South Carolina in 1829, since which returns have been made to the mint of $1,354,000. Georgia has yielded a total product of $6,971,681; Tennessee about $81,500, and Alabama $201,235, since 1838. The products of the Atlantic States may then be set down at $19,500,000 returned to the mint, and if we allow an equal amount to have passed unnoticed directly into commerce, we shall have about $39,000,000 as the total yield of those States.

This is a trifling miniature compared with the full-length portrait presented by the West. Previous to 1848 the minister was accustomed to gild his pictures of wealth with the sands of Hiddekel, and the poetical orator to cap the climax of lavish munificence with mental etchings of Potosi and the Dorado. But in that year the flowery dreams of antiquity were broken by the modern reality of the American river of California. The tail race of a saw mill at Columa was a surer mine of wealth than all the sluices of Golconda. The twenty years that have elapsed since then have thrown upon the world more than one billion dollars of gold and one hundred million dollars of silver, the product of our Western possessions alone. The Rocky Mountains and the Sierras, from summits beyond the eye's reach, but not beyond the storms, have been since the creation lining the valleys with wealth producing detritus. If from this source, almost alone, such a harvest has been reaped, what may we not expect when the parent crests are pierced, when the slow pick and shovel are superseded by the lacerating powder, and nitro-glycerine, and when every train of cars that wends its way to the Pacific will carry from the workshops of the East the ponderous quartz crusher and the subtle tools of the refiner? Billions will not only multiply, but mining will become an exact science, and "miner" will be no longer a term londed down with the idioms and habits of border civilization.

The average product per annum of gold and silver from the Western States and Territories for the last three or four years ranges from $80,000,000 to $100,000,000. Quartz mining is in helpless infancy for want of proper machinery. Placer mining exhausts no locality, but follows the richest channels. Hydraulic mining is tedious and awaits capital. Only the adventurous people enter the mining country, for it amounts to a virtual ostracism from society.

Such are the feeble appliances that rain upon bountiful showers of gold and silver. When they are increased and strengthened and refined by the influences now eager to burst the mountain barriers and embrace them, our annual supply of the precious metals may safely be set down at from $100,000,000 to $500,000,000.

Every school boy is familiar with the stories of riches which Mexico gave to Spain. For centuries the stream unceased, and since the independence of the country her mines have failed not to meet the draughts of her own treasury. From 1521, the date of the Spanish conquest, until the present time, the silver product is set down at $8,000,000,000, and the gold at $163,000,000, a total of $8,200,000,000, or an annual average of $50,300,000.

We shall skip the product of Central America as too unimportant for comparative purposes, and pass to that other treasure-house of Spain, and the seat of her greatest outrage upon humanity, South America. Here was the Dorado here Potosi, here the home of the wealth-burdened Incas. Since the Spanish foothold, which was incident with the discovery of the continent, the aggregate of silver product is computed at $2,000,000,000, and the gold at $1,000,000,000, a total of $3,000,000,000, or an annual yield in round numbers of $12,000,000.

Europe and Asiatic Russia, during the same period, have contributed $1,750,000,000 of precious metals, or an average of less than $5,000,000. The far famed lands of Australia and New Zealand are the only ones that approach our own in productiveness. They have, during the sixteen years since their discovery, yielded $500,000,000 of gold and silver, an annual average of nearly $30,000,000. The populous Asiatic Archipelago, though considerable, are not deemed to calculate on.

Here, then, we have the picture of our country's greatness in this single respect. A young State of two, a vast heredium expanse just appearing on the horizon of civilization, and almost inaccessible, even to the hardiest, are those where are gleaned half the world's annual production of the precious metals. How many weary years must drag their slow length along before Mexico can surpass the average yield of the past?

Political Morality. In his lecture on Political Morality George William Curtis uses the following language: Is there a different standard of morality for individuals and nations? May a nation without blame do what a man may not do without dishonor? I remember I was in Boston, when Anthony Burns, the last fugitive slave was delivered back to slavery from Massachusetts. I think it was about one hundred years ago. I am sure it was in the dark ages. A friend of mine who thought the law we took for that purpose to be unjust, instituted a State Street with a musket in his hands, and drew in his breast to shoot a man as he was carried into [illegible]. He said: As a man I would have died a thousand times for my principles; but I felt that there were [illegible] I was not [illegible] Anthony Burns [illegible] the State [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the

"What do the Arabs of the desert live on," asked a roguish little girl of her father. "Dodge' Nelly, that's an old conundrum. They live on the *sand which* is (sandwiches) there." "Yes, but pa, how do they get 'em?" "Well, really, Nelly, you have me there. I give it up." "Why, pa, don't you know that the sons of Hum were *bred* and *sistered* in the wilderness?" "Come, come, daughter, that is too killing, don't say another word." "Oh, yes, do tell me what they eat on their sandwiches?" "Eat on 'em, why what do they eat on 'em?" "Butter, to be sure." "Butter! How do they get their butter?" "Why, you know, pa, that when Lot's wife was turned into a pillar of ——" "I the family *but her* ran in the wilderness."

One of the Fox sisters has appeared as a rapping medium.

The London *Spectator* calls Andrew Johnson "a rough on a throne."

Bennett, of the New York *Herald*, is said to be worth four millions.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

PORTLAND, Feb 19, 1869

On the 18th, gold at New York was 134⅛.

Legal Tenders at San Francisco, 75@76—the highest quotation within the last two years.

New York Market, Feb. 17th—Pacific coast flour, $6@6 50; wheat, $1 50@2; hides, 21@21½; wool, 25@26c for fall, and 20@37½ for spring clip.

Liverpool—Quotations of Pacific coast wheat 11s—a decline of 4d since our last report, and a decline of 3d from the 16th.

San Francisco market—Flour, 2,000 qr sks Santa Clara superfine for China, private; 1,000 qr sks extra local brands, $5 75; quotable $4 75@5 25, according to the brand. Wheat, inferior, $1 62½; fair shipping, $1 70@1 72½; fair distillery, $2 72½; choice shipping, $1 75. Barley, good feed, $2 15; quotable at $1 05@2 20, and for fair to choice brewing, $2 20@2 30. Oats, 700 sks Oregon, $2 17½; quotable at $2 15@2 25; California, $2@2 20.

Portland market—Flour unchanged. Wheat is bringing a little better figures than heretofore quoted, owing to limited receipts and the immediate demand for shipment by vessels now due or on the way. The steamship *Continental*, the barks *Oswyn* and the *Helen Angier* and the brig *North Star* are on the way and soon to arrive. The bark *Whistler* is also expected from the Sandwich Islands within the month, and all are to load principally with bree'tuffs. The bark *Live Yankee* is now in port and will also load with produce for San Francisco. The desire to make up these cargoes promptly, creates a temporary activity among buyers and accounts for the slightly improved figures for wheat to be found in our quotations. Dried apples are becoming rather scarce and wanted. We quote an advance. Supplies of ground feed are in excess and we note a decline of $5 per ton. These constitute the only notable changes in our tables of produce. There are no certain indications of a permanent improvement in prices of produce generally. In all eastern markets, prices are steadily sinking and, notwithstanding the temporary local demand mentioned above, the probabilities are all in favor of a reduction of the prices at quotations at no very remote period. The favorable weather of the winter has given our farmers excellent opportunities for seeding, and the news from all parts of the State is to the effect that an unusual breadth of grain is being sown. The anticipation of a large crop the coming season will, of course, induce a general desire to push off the present stores, and this must result in a depression of prices.

The merchandise market is a little more active than during last month, and in a marked degree better than during the corresponding period of last year. We note, especially, an improvement in building hardware. Consumers will be pleased to note that syrups are again going down. We quote a decline since last report of 5c per gallon, of all boiling brands.

Retail trade for the week has been better than for some weeks.

The retail family markets are well supplied with all standard articles.

Wholesale and Jobbing Prices.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19, 1869.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Seasonable Goods Gang Plows, $100@125; Grain Drills, $125@135; Hay Cutters, 36 in., $75; Daniel's Straw Cutters, $40@45; Steel Plows $12@25; Boy Plows, $6@7; Hunt's handled Axes; 18 00; boys' do., $15 00; Hunt's unhandled do., $16 00, shovels, long handled round point, $13 10@14; Spades, long handle, $15 00@18 00; do., D. H., $14 00 @17 00; Hay Forks, 3 tine, $4@5; do. 5 tine, $10@11, do. 3 tine stripped, $12 50@13 50; Manure Forks, 4 tine L. H. teeth; H, $13 00; C. Jac Hoes, $9 00; do. Rakes, steel Broad $10 00@14 50; Spading Forks, $6 50@9 00; scythes, $28.

ALCOHOL—Eastern, $3 75; California, $3 65.

BACON—C. S. sides, 11@11½c; hams 13@14c; Cross' sugar cured do. 20c; Shoulders, 9@9c.

Lard—In tierces, solid, 12½@13c; brine 45@50; fresh rolls, "Cross" Isthmus, 45@50.

BRANS—White Pea 8½c; Red, 8c; Pink, 8c.. Small White, 8½.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—New Jersey Cement, ₩ bbl, $3 00; Knapp's, $4 50@5 00; Santa Cruz Lime, ₩ bbl, $2 25@3 50; San Juan do., $2 75@3 00; Calcine Plaster, $6 50.

BROOMS.—Oregon make, No. 1, $6 25 ₩ doz.; No. 2, $5 25 ₩ doz.; No. 3, $4 25 ₩ doz.; California make, No. 1, $5 75; No. 2, $5 25; No. 3, $3 25.

CANDLES.—Grants, 19½c; Emery's, 19c; Kelly's, 15c; Star, 18c; Ward's, 18½c; Harkness', 21; Macy's, 18. Wax.—Pale, 19½c; Costa Rica, 20; Java, nops; Jones' Pale, 24; Java, nuns; Chartres, 23@24c.

DRIED FRUIT—Oregon Apples, 6¼@7½c; California Fruit, 7@7½.

FLOUR—Imperial, $5 00 ₩ bbl.; Standard, $5 00; Vaughn's, $5 00; do., 4 bbls, $5 00; Salem Mills, $5 00; Albany Steam Mills, $5 00; Commercial, $5 00; Dayton, extra $5 00; do superfine, $4 50; Oregon Mills, $5. Good Country brands, $4@4 50; Mission Mills, $5 00; Eclipse Mills, $5 00; Champoeg Mills, $5. Star Mills, $5 00.

GRAPES—California, $3 ₩ box.

HARDWARE—Iron Axles, 10@11; Carriage Springs, 7@8; Axe Handles, $4 00@4 75; Pick do., $4 00@$4 50; Sledge do., $3 00@4 00; Bar Lead, 12½c; Sand Paper, $6 00; Pat. Cross-cut Saws, ₩ ft, 90 cts; Mill do., ₩ ft, $1 50@2 50; Anvils, Armitage, 17; Sledges, cast steel, 8c; Bellows, $6@6c; Newhouse Traps, $4 50@$24 00; Grindstones, 4½; Cable Chain, 9 to 14; Thimble Skeins, $8 00@12 00; Scale Beams, $1 00 ₩ C.; Union Scales, Fairbanks', $14 00; Grocers' do. do., $12 00.

HORSE NAILS.—Dubbiz (hand made), 50@55; Putnam (pressed), 37½@40; Griffin (pressed), 35@40.

IRON.—Round Bar, ¾ to 2 inch, 5c; Small Bar, 6½@7c; Norway Shoe Flatter, 8; American do., 7½; Nail Rod, 11.

LARD—Oregon 10 ₩ cans 11@11½c; in bulk 9@10c

MATCHES—Ger. Stamped, $2 75@4 ₩ gross; Oval do., $2 00 ₩ gross.

MILL FEED—Bran and Shorts $20 00 ₩ ton; Middlings, $25 ₩ ton; Ground Feed, ₩ ton, $35.

MISCELLANEOUS—Raisins, new fresh layers in boxes $3 25; ½ boxes $3 37; ¼ boxes $3 75; Currants ₩ lb. 15@16c.; Yeast Powders, P. & M. $3 ₩ gross; Donnelly's, do. $32; Taylor & Young's, do, $33; Saleratus, Barton's, 10c ₩ lb.; Babbitts, 11c; Oysters, Fields', $4 25; McMurrays, $4 25; Mackerel bf bbls 15 00; Kits No. 1, 3 75. California cheese, 22@23

NAILS Wire, brands $5 50 ₩ keg; Fine Finishg and brads, $7 00; Lath 3d fine $10 50; Boat Spikes, $9 00

OILS—Kerosene Oil—Downer's 65c ₩ gal.; Devoe's, 60c; New Bedford, 55c; other brands, 55; Lard Oil, $1 75 ₩ gal; Winter Strained, $2 00; China Nut Oil, $1 25, Polar Oil, 80c; Paraffine Oil, Hayward & Cole Ayer's, $1 25, Tanner's Oil, 80c; Neatsfoot Oil, $2 00; Sperm Oil, $2 80. Castor Oil, $2 50; Linseed Oil, boiled, $1 00; raw, $1 40

POWDER—Dupont's, 55c for ₩ cans; 65c for ½ ₩ cans; Rifle, in 25 ₩ kegs, $8 00; Sporting, in ₩ cans, $3 50 each. Hazard's Kentucky rifle, 55c for ₩ cans; 65c for ½ ₩ cans; California, 55c for ₩ cans; 65c ½ ₩ cans Eagle Duck, 1, 2 and 3, per keg, $1 50; do per ½ keg, $3 50. Blasting, ₩ keg of 25 lbs., $2 75. Double tapped per M ft, $18; single tape fuse, per M ft, $15.

SHOT—Per ₩ lb, 10c.

SUGARS—Sand Island, 11½@14½c; San Francisco Yellow C., 10½@10¾; Golden C., bf bbls, 10¾@10¾; Powdered, 13½; Crushed, in bbls, 13½; in half bbls, 13¾.

SYRUPS—Heavy Golden in bbls, 80@85c ₩ gall; 5 gallon kegs, 90@95 ₩ gallon; San Francisco and Pacific Refinery, 90c per gallon; Bay Refinery, 90c ₩ gallon. California Refinery, extra, 95 ₩ gallon.

SOAP—Oregon brands, 7½@8½c; Colgate, 10½; Castile, 22½c; Cal. brands, 7½@8½c.

SALT—Liverpool fine, $37 50; do coarse, $35; Carmen Island none; Ground Rock, $27 50; Dairy, $37 50.

SALMON—Half bbl, $5 50; bbls, $9 00.

STEEL.—Cast Steel, 20@25; Plow do., 13.

SHOT.—Drop Shot $3 00, Ball and Buck-Shot, $3 25

TEAS—Comet, 85@$1; Imperial and Gunpowder, 70@$1 25, Pow Chong, 55; Imitation Comet, 50@75; Japan 80@85; Basket 87½@90c.

Domestic Produce Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19, 1869.

Apples, green, ₩ box	75@1 25
Apples, dried ₩ lb	7@7
Wheat, new, ₩ bushel	70@75
Oats ₩ bushel	50@55
Corn meal ₩ 100 lbs	4 00@4 50
Ground Feed ₩ ton	30 00@30 00
Peaches, dried, ₩ lb	12@13
Bacon ₩ lb	10@10½
Hams	13@14
Shoulders	6@7
Lard, in tins	11@11½
Lard, in kegs	9@10
Eggs ₩ doz	30@32
Butter	30@40
Chickens, young ₩ doz	2 50@3 00
" grown ₩ doz	3 00@3 50
Furs—Fisher	1 50@2 00
" Fox, cross	1 00
" red	1 00
" Marten, prime, dark	2 00@2 50
" pale	1 50@2 00
" Mink, dark, northern	1 00@2 00
" pale	75@1 25
" Muskrat	12½
" Otter, prime dark	1 50@2 00
" Coon	12½
" Wolf, large	1 00
" Wild Cat	37½@50
" Skunk	12½
" Fur Seal	1 00@2 50
" Beaver, dark, per lb	5 00@6 00
" Bear, black	2 50@5 00
" brown	1 50@2 50
" Cat	25
Beans ₩ 100 lbs	5 00@8 00
Wool, ₩ lb	14@18
Hay, from wagons, ₩ ton	17 00
Hides, salted, ₩ lb	4½@5
" dry,	9@11

Weekly Retail Family Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19, 1869.

DOMESTIC & FOREIGN FRUITS.		Cheese—	
Green apples	$1@1 25	Sh'dsburg, country	15
Pears, cooking	1	" factory	50@
" eating	2	Pitcher's and Lake county	10
Dried—		Hotchkiss and Lake county	
Apples, ₩ lb	10@11	Cured	12½@14
Pears ₩ lb	10	Chinese Teal ₩ lb	25@3
Peaches ₩ lb	10	Chinese Oregon	30
Plums, pitted	10@12½	Rice, fresh ₩ lb	2@6 50
" with pits	4@5	Hominy ₩ lb	5
Figs, Cal., ₩ lb	25	Farina ₩ lb	15
" Smyrna	40	Tapioca ₩ lb	15
Prunes ₩ lb	25	Saleratus ₩ lb	$1 50
GROCERIES.		Butter—	
Coffee—		Choice fresh roll	65
Green C R ₩ lb	22	Good	50@55
" Java	40	Ordinary	45
Jones' prepared, Retail		Common ₩ lb	37½
Java	40	Flour—₩ sack	
Chartres	35	Imperial	1 75
Rio	30	Standard	1 50
Sugar—Crushed	20	Vaughn's	1 50
Pulverized	20	Other brands	1 12@1 25
Granulated	20	POULTRY, GAME, &C.	
Yellow C	15@16	Turkeys	$1 25@2 00
Half Loaf	25	Chickens, grown	62½
Island	15@16	" spring	none
Syrups in kegs	1@1 12½	Puget Sound Coal	18@20
" per gal	$1 25	Salt Salmon ₩ lb	8@10
Tea—Young Hyson	$1 50	VEGETABLES.	
Imperial	$1 40	Beets ₩ lb	4
Old	1 25	Carrots	3
Japan	1 00@1 25	Onions ₩ lb	5
Black	75@1 25	Turnips ₩ lb	2@3
PROVISIONS.		Potatoes	50@75
Hams, country cut	18	Cabbage ₩ doz	1 00@2 00
" Butcher's	20	Cauliflower, doz	3 00
" Letcher's and Packers' cure	22@23	Sweet potatoes, ₩ lb, none	
Cured	22@23	Parsnips ₩ lb	
Bacon, breakfast & rib	15@18	Celery ₩ doz	2 00

Cotton Goods and Woolen Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19, 1869

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS.—*Blankets* Oregon gray No 1, $9 50; No 2, $8 50; No 3, do $7 25; do white, No 1 extra $12, No 1, $8 50; do No 2 $7 50; No 2, blue $7 75; No 2, green, $7 75; Witcomb, No 1, $11; No. 2, $8; 3-4 White flannel, $1 10@$1 25, 4-4 White do 75c; 3-4 White do, 37½@45c; Plain assorted colors, flannel, 40@48c; Fancy Twilled shirting do, 50@55c; Grey Mixed Shirting 40@50; Hard times, 30c; Grey Doeskin, $1 00; Fancy do, $1 10; Drab Mixed Beaver, 95c; Fancy Cassimeres $1 00@$1 40; Tweeds, 75@85c, Yarns, $1@1 25

COTTON GOODS.—*Sheetings*—Standard, 14½@15½c; seconds, 13@14c; light, 10@11c, Standard drills, 16½c. *Shirting*—Bleached unpressed, 16@22c; bleached ¾ to ⅞, 10@12½c. *Denims*—15@21c Hickory stripes, 15@35c. *Prints*—Fancy, 11½c; Merrimac, 12c; Delaines, 20. *Ticking*—¼ qr 25@37c, 30 inch, 18@35c. Linsey, 24@33c, 10½ bleach 50 Oakland heavy sheeting 28c ₩ yard. 30-inch sheeting, 12½@13½c ₩ yard.

Cattle and Live Stock Market.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19, 1869

CATTLE—Beef cattle, $7 00@$8 00 ₩ cwt net.
SHEEP—Good mutton sheep, $2 00@3 00 ₩ head
HOGS—Well fatted, weighing 140 lbs and upward nett, 7@8 cents ₩ lb.
VEAL CALVES—Spring, 7@8c ₩ lb

CHANCE OF NAME!

MERCADO & CO., SUCCESSORS TO Mercado & Scully have been obliged for their own protection and the safety of the public, to change the name of their celebrated Bitters to

MERCADO'S
Native California Wine
BITTERS

We subjoin the following affidavit in an injunction suit formerly pending between Mercado & Scully, plaintiffs, and G. A. Shinon, defendant:

P. Sainsevain, being duly sworn, says, "That the article known as Sainsevain's California Wine Bitters was manufactured by Mercado & Scully, about the month of March, 1865, without the said Sainsevain Brothers having any concern in the manufacture thereof. The deponent has always known and considered said Mercado & Scully as the Sole Proprietors of the Sainsevain California Wine Bitters."

Notwithstanding the above affidavit the said P. Sainsevain is putting up a compound under the name of Sainsevain's California Wine Bitters, representing it to be the same as our celebrated Bitters, which we have been manufacturing and selling in immense quantities since 1860, and also affixing a nearly similar label to that used on our genuine Wine Bitters. BE NOT DECEIVED! Send for

MERCADO'S
NATIVE CALIFORNIA WINE BITTERS,

And you will obtain the same popular beverage so favorably known since 1860. **Beware of Counterfeits!** Purchasers of our *Wine Bitters* are requested to observe the familiar old yellow label, and see that the words, "MERCADO & SCULLY, SAN FRANCISCO," are engraved on the Government stamp pasted over the cork of each bottle. This is the only effectual security against the counterfeit imitations.

Depot—506 and 508 Jackson street, San Francisco.
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IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST WONDERFUL EYE HEALER that has yet been discovered,

It CURES the most stubborn and hopeless cases of CHRONIC INFLAMMATIONS, GRANULATED LIDS, FILMS, &c., as has been sufficiently demonstrated during the few months in which it has been brought into public notice. The proprietor is so fully convinced of its INFALLIBILITY that he WARRANTS A CURE OR REFUNDS THE MONEY. It can do the eyes no harm, and a trial of it is therefore without injury or expense to the patient if a cure is not effected.

It has cured cases of FIVE, SIX, NINE, FIFTEEN, and even EIGHTEEN YEARS' standing in Harrisburg, Linn county, Oregon, and its vicinity, to which the following persons will bear witness:

E. B MOORE, NATHANIEL BELL,
A. L. WALLACE, G. R. WARD,
Mrs. MONTGOMERY, JOHN M HOLLOWAY,
W. D. PORTER, ROB T RAMSEY,

And others in that vicinity

Persons afflicted with the distressing scourge of diseased eyes are advised to give this remedy a fair trial on the NO CURE, NO PAY and NO INJURY plan

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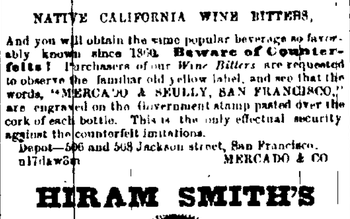

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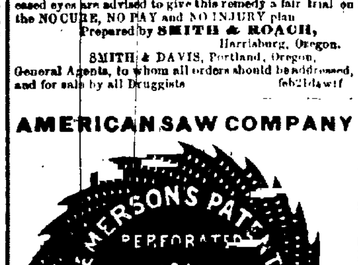

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IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, FORGINGS and PATTERNS, full descriptions,
IRON RAILINGS and FENCES for Houses, Cemeteries, &c., &c.,
REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to by experienced mechanics
je30dtf

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the 18th day of January, 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John A Carr of Portland Multnomah Co. State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland Oregon, before W Lair Hill, Register, on the 4th day of March A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M

AL. ZIEBER,
U S. Marshal as Messenger
By W H West, Deputy jl9d3w

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, 1869, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the State of Oregon against the estate of William H Spencer, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, to his use, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, said debtor are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland aforesaid, before W. Lair Hill, Esq. Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 4th day of March A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.
By W. H. West, Deputy. ja26d30d

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, 1869, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States against the estate of O Smith, of Willamette Precinct, in the county of Multnomah in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, said debtor, are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 11th day of March, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
fe13d30d U. S Marshal for said District.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Bothwell, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, to his use or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 13th day of March, 1869, at 10 o'clock A M

AL. ZIEBER,
feb 6d30d U S Marshal for said District

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Isaiah Geer, of La Grand, in the county of Union and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL. ZIEBER.
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
By W. H. West, Deputy. j25d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Robert W Cochran, of LaGrand, in the county of Union, and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger
By W. H. West, Deputy. j25d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Cunningham, of the Dalles, Wasco county, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, in said District, before the 25th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S Marshal as Messenger
Per W H West, Deputy. j14d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Bothwell, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 18th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M

AL ZIEBER,
U S Marshal as Messenger
By W H West, Deputy j12d30t

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the 18th day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John Williams, of The Dalles, county of Wasco, and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger
By W H West, Deputy j19d30d

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, 1869, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of Tobias Thomas of Portland, in the county of Multnomah, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, to his use or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, said debtor, are forbidden by law, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger
By W. H. West, Deputy. j25d30d

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 16TH day of January, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Robert W. Cochran, of LaGrand, in the county of Union, and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger
By W. H. West, Deputy. j25d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Cunningham, of the Dalles, Wasco county, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, in said District, before the 25th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M.

AL ZIEBER,
U. S Marshal as Messenger
Per W H West, Deputy. j14d30t

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE 18TH day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, against the estate of James Bothwell, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, in Portland, aforesaid, before W Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 18th day of February, A D 1869, at 10 o'clock A M

AL. ZIEBER,
U S. Marshal as Messenger
By W H West, Deputy j12d30t

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—This is to give notice that on the 18th day of January, A. D 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John Williams, of The Dalles, county of Wasco, and State of Oregon, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of Hill & Mulkey, Portland, Oregon, before W. Lair Hill, Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

AL. ZIEBER,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger
By W H West, Deputy j19d30d

INJECTION RICORD Paris.

A Remedy that Never Fails.—A Certain and Speedy Cure for GONORRHŒA &c.

INJECTION RICORD PARIS

Is the only Remedy that can be relied on for the certain and speedy cure of that loathsome disease in all its stages, at home, without the least exposure. No medicine should be taken with it. Restriction will be necessary while the patient is using it. Numbers of persons who have been cured by this remedy have suffered from these diseases and failed. But by its use can receive a printed copy of Specific and Personal Cure by the proper use of the Injection Remedy.

CAUTION. None genuine without the written signature of RICORD in the wrapper the same INJECTION RICORD PARIS blown in the glass of the bottle, with the name of the firm engraved on

Agents, San Francisco, Cal.
BUTLER & CAKE & Co., Boston, Mass.
Corner Dupont and Washington streets
For sale by all Druggists d29d1w4y

WILLAMETTE MARKET!

SPAULDING & CLINE,

N. E. Corner of Alder and First streets,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST OF

ALL KINDS OF MEATS!

All orders attended to promptly and delivered on the shortest notice

WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR BEEF NET MUTTON STOCK
je2d&w6f

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1868, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows

From Portland to Express Ranch		18 cents per pound.	
" " " Silver City		33	" " "
" " " Idaho City		30	" " "
" " " Boise City		23	" " "
" " " LaGrande		14	" " "
" " " Union		15	" " "
" " " Baker		17	" " "

Portland, June 4, 1868.
je4dtf WELLS, FARGO & CO

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
UMATILLA, OREGON.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE STOCK OF MESSRS FRANKENTHAL & HAAS, having taken their

FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE,

We are now prepared to receive consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all parts of the Mines in Oregon, Idaho and Owyhee. All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments of Goods solicited. Mark Goods "Care of J. R. F., Umatilla."

A FULL STOCK OF
Clothing, Groceries and Provisions,
MECHANICS', MINERS' AND BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
IRON AND STEEL,
always on hand, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
nov4dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

JOHN HAILEY'S

PIONEER LINE OF

Concord Coaches!

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

We are now prepared to Book Passengers Direct to

Shasta City, Willow Creek Mines!

THROUGH TO SHASTA IN THREE DAYS!

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 20, 1869

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates ..... 70@?
New York Gold Quotations .....

MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.—Yesterday morning about half past three o'clock, Mrs Mary Lee, at the Patton House, was robbed in a very mysterious manner of nearly two hundred dollars. Officers Brannan and Bothwell were called in at about the hour above mentioned. Mrs. Lee was in a state of great excitement; but she told her story as coherently as she could, and after some questioning the officers concluded that her story was true and that the thief was still in the house. She said she had been drinking some the evening before, but not to excess. That upon retiring to bed she secreted her money, in two purses, in her bosom; that she thought the liquor she had drunken affected her strangely, but not like ordinary intoxication, that about half-past three o'clock she awoke startled and feeling strangely, with an impression that she was robbed, though she saw nobody; that feeling for her money she discovered that it was gone. She jumped out of bed and lit a candle, saw money scattered around on the floor but could see no person. She immediately ran down stairs and informed the night watchman of the house what had happened. While he was gone for an officer, she went back to her room, when greatly to her surprise, not a piece of the money she had seen on the floor could be found. While she was relating her story to the officers below, they distinctly heard the jingling of money, as they thought, up stairs. After closing the outside doors the officers went up stairs to search the night watchman going with them. The latter entered the parlor, where he found a number of coins on the floor. The officers being informed of this went in and upon looking around, found all the money scattered in various places. The woman saw nobody, nor was she positive at any time that anybody was in her room; nor did the officers find anybody but the regular boarders or guests, and they were all in bed; but it was evident that the robbery was committed by some inmate of the house who finding himself about to be trapped, threw the money into the parlor and retired. As yet suspicion has fastened upon no one in particular, and the whole affair affords nothing but mystery.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.—The following religious intelligence is from the *Advocate*: Rev. N. Doane, Presiding Elder, reports about 175 conversions and accessions to the Church within his district during the present quarter..... *We rejoice to hear from Bro. Wilbur that there* are refreshing indications of revival among the Indians. .....Rev. T D Driver has been detained in Portland during the week. He and Bro. Waller have rendered efficient aid in the protracted meeting..... The infant class, under the care of Mrs. E. B. DeVore, in the M. E. Sabbath-school, numbers nearly one hundred little boys and girls..... *We regret to learn from Bro A.* L. Nicklin, that Rev. David Leslie is lying dangerously ill at his residence in Salem. Father Leslie has ever been a safe counsellor and sound theologian. .... Salem Circuit—The report of the pastor of this charge for the present quarter showed an addition to the membership of 43 on probation and 16 by letter. The Sunday school has a registered attendance of 350, and an average of 264..... Buena Vista circuit—Rev. J. S. McCain reports a gracious revival within the bounds of this circuit; over 20 conversions and 17 accessions to the Church..... Hillsboro Circuit—We learn that the revival spirit on this work continues. Bro Turner is engaged in an interesting meeting at Hillsboro. Some thirty accessions to the Church are reported since Conference .... Grand Mound Circuit—The good news is received that in nearly every appointment on this circuit a revival spirit is manifested, and souls are being saved. Bro. J. H. B Royal says: "We preach, and are having a present salvation. Near thirty have professed conversion, and twenty-two have joined on probation."

DAMAGE NEWS.—We obtain from the *Mountaineer* of yesterday, the particulars of the losses by the late fire. It says: "Max Vont, by the assistance of a number of citizens managed to save quite a large amount of property. Phillip Peck & Co.'s loss amounts to $28,000; insured for $15,000. Max Vont's stock of goods and building were worth about $15,000, and insured for $7,000." ..... The following items are clipped from the *Mountaineer*: Information is wanted of the whereabouts of one Dr. C. Whitcomb, *who came down from Boise City, and is supposed* to be at Portland. Any one giving of his whereabouts will confer a favor by informing Mr. Reuben Breed of this city.....The weather for the past week has been of a most unusual character at this season of the year, mild and balmy as at early spring; and the sun pouring down his rays with a warmth that has caused the snow to rapidly disappear from the surrounding hills. The roads are rapidly drying up and in a few days will be in excellent traveling order.....Mr. Marsh Gilman, book-keeper of the firm of French & Co. of this city, leaves on the next steamer for San Francisco, from there it is his intention of taking a stock of goods to White Pine.....Mr. Newman of the firm of D. Newman & Co. of this city, left last week for San Francisco. We learn that he will shortly leave that city with a stock of goods for the Amoor river, and we are also told that a wife will accompany him on his journey.

OREGON CITY ITEMS.—We clip the following items from the Oregon City *Enterprise*, of last evening. Several very bad cases of small pox are reported in this city. Our attending physicians are kept busily on the visit..... We have received a sack of Oregon City Mills flour, which certainly looks as well as any flour in the State. The quality of our Interior will be upon it.....The weather is beautiful. People generally are making gardens.... A special meeting of the Council was held on Thursday evening, at which important business was transacted. The streets are to be cleaned and hose and apparatus furnished the Fire Department..... Messrs. J. L. Dimick and W. C. Johnson, of this city, have commenced a suit against the P. T. Company to eject them from encumbering private property with the outside line of their breakwater, or basin improvement. It seems peculiar that a company claiming the ability that is usually accredited to the P. T. Co., should go on and put up as expensive works as this basin without first securing title to the lands upon which it is constructed. Col. Jas. K. Kelly and Hon. S. Henlst have been employed by plaintiffs.....All the remains of the Wallamet Steamboat Company, we learn, is to-day advertised for sale in our columns, by Sheriff Myers..... The steamer *Wenat* is out of service, and the P. T. Co. have been for several days carrying opposition freight to Portland from this city.

BOAT STEALING.—*Of late there have been numerous* cases of boat stealing along the shores of this city and East Portland. The boats, in every instance, have broken locks, chain and padlock fastenings. In a few cases, where the thieves could break the boats loose, they have taken the oars. Mr. P. H. Parrish, who resides at East Portland, lost in this way, last week, a small boat which cost him twenty-five dollars. On Thursday evening he borrowed a boat of a neighbor to come over to this side. At 9 o'clock he started to go back; but upon reaching the landing, he found that this boat had been stolen. The chain and padlock were both gone. He made diligent search and inquiry both up and down the river, without, however, learning anything of either of the boats. Other parties have also lost small boats during the week. The boat thieves would do well to look out, for a number of owners are adopting means to discover who are the perpetrators, and some of the rogues may yet meet with an astounding reception when about to embark.

VELOCIPEDES.—Who shall say that the Portland mechanics are not enterprising? Several of them, in anticipation of the breaking out of the velocipede mania, have engaged in the manufacture of the novelty, and several of the "machines" are nearly ready to be turned loose upon the public. Messrs. J. L. Thomas & Co. will have one done to-day, with an improvement in the driving gear, for which Mr. Thomas has already filed a caveat for a patent. The improvement consists of a slotted arm in which the wrist may be set so as to make any desired stroke from two to eighteen inches. None of the cars yet shown exhibit such an arrangement, though it is said of it that it is an important one, as the driving gear can, by it, be made to accommodate persons of feet differing in length. Thomas, Ball, Bilge & Co., propose to manufacture them in numbers to suit the demand, and at a cost much below the stated eastern prices.

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, JUDGE.—The following are the proceedings of yesterday in the Circuit Court:

State of Oregon vs. Jack Williams, indicted for larceny; plea not guilty.

State of Oregon vs. James Lamb, indicted for larceny; plea not guilty.

State of Oregon vs. John Williams; indicted for larceny; plea not guilty.

State of Oregon vs. D. F. Fox, indicted for larceny; arraigned and allowed until next Tuesday morning to plead.

State of Oregon vs. James Conley; *indicted for murder* in the first degree; arraigned and allowed until to-morrow morning to plead.

The Grand Jury ignored Bills against W. G. Welch and Barney McKinney.

M. M. McCormick vs. Wm Sheelock; action to recover $ ... on of personal property; M H Mallory for plaintiff, Stout & Reed for defendant.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE WAREHOUSE.—We learn that parties in this city are about to organize a joint stock company for the purpose of building a large brick warehouse for the storing of grain and produce. It is probable, too, that the company will buy and sell for interior dealers and farmers, on commission. Such an institution is needed here. There are several warehouses, but they are frequently full to overflowing, and being of wood, they are not proof against rats, which are numerous and destructive. The brick warehouse in contemplation may be made entirely secure from vermin of all sorts. We are not advised as to its location.

STALL-FED BEEF.—People who appreciate good fat beef steaks will be glad to learn that Spaulding & Cline have just made a purchase of several very fat stall-fed steers which they propose to serve from the block to their customers. They had four of them on exhibition in front of their market, yesterday, large, fat and sleek looking fellows.

CLIFF HOUSE BALL.—For the accommodation of such persons in this city as may desire to attend the ball at the Cliff House, Oregon City, on Monday evening, the steamer *Senator* will delay her departure till half past three o'clock P M. Starting at that hour, guests will reach Oregon City just about supper time.

REMOVAL.—The First National Bank of Portland was removed yesterday from its old quarters on Front street, to Ladd & Tilton's new brick block, adjoining Ladd & Tilton's bank. It will not do to lay to resume ordinary routine of business.

GRAPE CUTTINGS.—Mr. I. F. Street, of East Portland, has lately received several thousand grape cuttings of early and hardy varieties from the vineyards of California, and is prepared to furnish them upon orders to any part of the country.

THE morning services in the Unitarian Church and the Sunday School, are unavoidably omitted to-morrow, owing to unfinished work in the building. Services in the evening at Odd Fellows' Hall. Subject—"The present Heaven."

GANG PLOWS.—Those interested in such matters should call at Captain Hoyt's store and examine the sweep-rake gang plow, which is on exhibition there. M. I. F. Street of East Portland, agent.

EMMET GUARD.—*A meeting of this company is called* for this evening at half past seven. We learn that it is the intention of the company to celebrate Washington's birth by a parade.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.—The *Advocate* says: "We are requested to notice that the quarterly meeting for [illegible]

[illegible] A. M.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We [illegible] Music Hall, Tuesday evening, Feb 23d, at 7½ o'clock. The Rev. Dr. Stockton, of San Francisco, will deliver an address on the Young Men's Christian Association movement.

IN THE CASE.—We [illegible] the Circuit Court, [illegible] Esq., [illegible] Esq., [illegible] Esq.,

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 20, 1869

"Keeping Chinese at Home"

Hon w by that Buchanan's treaty China yes- were permitted to enter our ports for the pur- so of trade, but in it no inducements were of- red to Chinamen to emigrate to, and become a art of this country, and Chinese emigration to ll citizenship in, this country, were not thought

That treaty was just the thing to keep Ch mon at home, except their seafaring men, and ve this country very advantageous commercial lations with that Empire. *Herald.*

The editor of the *Herald* is probably the st person who ever discovered that we can ave "very advantageous commercial relaons" with a country and yet keep the people f that country out of our country. Unfortuately in this particular case, the facts are so atent against his theory as to make it uphill ork to maintain it. Every man knows that here were Chinese in our Pacific States y tens of thousands before the Republicans got control of the Government. The recent treaty with China has been in operation less than a year, and it is the first reaty which has been made since Buchanan's. Nineteen-twentieths of all the Chinese in America must have come over before the recent treaty was negotiated; that is, they came over under the treaty that was negotiated and ratified under President Buchanan. Such were the results of the treaty "that was just the the thing to keep Chinamen at home." The fact is, if we are to have "advantageous commercial relations" with any people, there must be intercourse with that people. We cannot trade with them to any advantage and keep them out of our country. They cannot trade with us unless they are allowed to come here and do business. At this moment there are thousands of foreigners, Americans, English and French, in China; and the Chinese in turn are making their way to every country which has established commercial relations with them. Treaties of commerce, like that which Buchanan negotiated with China, are not the things to keep people "at home." The presence of the Chinese here is sufficient evidence of this fact.

The New South.

The Southern States are waking up from the lethargy caused by slavery, are putting off their exclusiveness and calling lustily for immigration. We have a copy of the first annual report of the Commissioner of Immigration for Tennessee. It sets forth the great advantages which that State offers to immigrants, and discusses the new condition of things in manner very agreeable to witness. We give the opening paragraph:

The rebellion and its suppression have brought about an entire revolution in the industry of Americs; and Tennesse largely feels the powerful influence of this revolution. Before the war, the importance attached to the raising of cotton, and the obtaining of cheap food for her slaves, made Tennessee take a part in the general policy of the South, which opposed manufactures throughout the Union; so that the West, being left without a market in the East, might be compelled to furnish to the South, the cheap food she needed for her slaves. In consequance of this policy, the producers found themselves at the mercy of the planters; and the planters, in their turn, at the mercy of the English Manufacturers. At that period, in the absence of the means of of support, which a diversity of employment furnishes at every season of the year, a large portion of the citizens of Tennessee had to leave the State in order to seek employment somewhere else. The non-slaveholding whites who remained behind, were left without incitement to improve their condition; since in the absence of an intelligent and remunerative agriculture, the soil became more and more exhausted. The ever-widening gulf between the prosperity of the North and the decline of the South, then brought on the rebellion; and in sweeping away the institution of slavery, gave rise to the adoption of a policy in harmony with the laws which lie at the very foundation of the permanent prosperity of the State. Now, Tennessee is fully alive to the fact, that it is only by diversification of employment, that she can escape from the low condition to which her former policy has brought her; that she must bring to light her mineral wealth; that she must use her water power for the establishment of manufactures; and that to attain this end she needs capital, and the intelligent labor of the North and of Europe. The day of emigration, when thousands of her children sought a home in other parts of the Union, has gone by; and the day of immigration, when, by her wise policy, she invites the capital and the labor of other States and of Europe, to her borders, has come. It is a very sad experience through which she has arrived at a knowledge of her need. I do not refer to the ravages of the war, though they have been great; her saddest experience has been the impoverishing of her soil, and the decline in the scale of wealth and intelligence of a large portion of her population. But she has learned the lesson at last, and a brighter future is dawning upon her. She no longer turns to England to do her manufacturing, or to the West to furnish her with cheap food; but she endeavors, by the development of her own manufactures, to obtain a market for her farmers, being mindful of the fact, that, by a healthy competition among her own people, she is keeping within her own borders the wealth she produces, and that in consequence of it, she benefits every class of her inhabitants.

NEW PLEAS.—In many of our States the plea of insanity is becoming a most common and successful method of shielding criminals in murder trials. The practice is growing in some places to such an extent that the insanity appears to have the most perfect method in it. The newspapers are commenting on the great number of acquittals under this new plea. The success of the plea is said to be due to its comparative novelty. Almost at the start it runs into theory, then into cloudiness, and eventuates in total mystification. When court, and jury, and attorneys are all befuddled with the mightiness of the thing, and lost in labyrinthine generalities, it is easy to guess the character of the verdicts. Just now another species of legal insanity is growing popular. Pleas of *Kleptomania* are becoming common. Formerly, when a man had an inclination to steal which he could not resist, he was set down as the bigger rascal But now he or she is simply diseased- suffers under an excusable attack of moral obliquity. An eastern paper, acting in the interest of justice, extends the nomenclature to a great number of offenses, with this result. *Murdromania, Kleptomania, Pyromania, Burglomania, Raptomania, False-fabricamania*, etc., etc. These will serve as fair specimens of the new pleas.

A constitutional amendment has been offered by a Radical Congress making them (Chinese) eligable to citizenship, so that that party can use them politically.—*Herald.*

Of course the *Herald* is aware that there is no truth in this statement. In the first place, no constitutional amendment has yet been offered by a Radical Congress." There has been a discussion about an amendment, but the two Houses have been unable to agree. In the second place, not one of the several forms in which the amendment has been proposed has a word about making the Chinese eligible to citizenship. The *Herald* well knows all this. Does it look well for that paper to make statements that conflict with facts which it is obviously so conversant with?

From the *Dramat* we obtain the following. There are in the Salem School District 1,1[illegible] school children between the ages of 4 and 21 [illegible] of whom are females, and the rest males. [illegible] 900 pupils are in attendance at the various schools in the city. Expenses for the past year, $1,375; amount paid to teachers during the past year, excluding salaries for the present term now about to close, $2,201 66

STATE ITEMS.

The Salem paper says The new mill of Messrs Miller & Rogers, in South Salem is being pushed along at a rapid rate. The frame is up and we understand it is the intention of the proprietors to have it in running order by the 1st of May. The mill will be three stories high with a basement. Two run of burrs will be put in for the present and it is the intention to use machinery of the most improved and substantial pattern

A correspondent of the *Advocate* writes as follows about Umpqua Academy. During the past quarter this Institution has been full. Many have made application for seats, but could not be accommodated. Arrangements have been made by the trustees for seating [illegible] students. This building was completed just in time for the exhibition. We are glad that we can now say to the people of Southern Oregon, "there is yet room," send on your sons and daughters.

A letter from Canyon City (Feb 7) to the *Mountaineer*, says The house of Charles Tobin of Dixie Creek was entered last night and some $3,000 in gold stolen. The money was in a trunk which was carried some fifty yards from the house and broken open. Several hundred dollars in greenbacks and some certificates of deposit were in the trunk, but were overlooked. No clue as yet has been discovered as to who the perpetrators are. It was the boldest and most fearless robbery ever committed in this county. Tobin was in the front room at the time the house was entered.

POLYGAMY.—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, in a long article on the proposed bill of Mr. Ashley to dismember Utah Territory, argues that Congress has no right to portion off the Mormon community to three or four Gentile Territories because of their polygamy. "for," says the *Gazette*, "Congress has never passed a law against polygamy." This is an error Congress did pass a law against polygamy in 1863. The Mormons do not deny this, but declare their belief that it is unconstitutional It is an *ex post facto* law they say, because it declares invalid all the *plural marriages* which took place before it was passed as well as those which have taken place since it became a law; and an *ex post facto* law is expressly forbidden in the Constitution. Brigham Young professes to be anxious to have the law tested, and freely solicits the arrest of himself or any of the other Saints for polygamy, boasting that he could not be convicted.

COMMERCIAL FORESIGHT.—The Philadelphia *Press* remarks that the concentration of influential and intelligent capital around Superior, the western terminal point on the great lakes and the eastern terminus of the coming Northern Pacific Railway, is without precedent even in the speculative history of this country. Not only are the leading capitalists of all our great cities represented in individual and corporate capacity, but English capital is already asking for a share and laying its plans for participation in the future growth and prosperity of this commercial centre. Ten years ago American commercial foresight its schemes and management for the control and manipulation of trade—was national; to-day, it is continental. And more than this, our country, with its great ocean-connecting railways, is becoming the focal object of the interest and consideration of the trade and business intellect of the world.

A PREDICTION.—Lloyd P. Smith, Librarian of the Philadelphia Library, recently delivered an address in which he predicted that there will in the future be some American who will yet give to the world its greatest poem. Milton and Dante described things which they well knew were not, or which certainly cannot exist as they described them—"the coming man will tell us of the great soul-satisfying revelations made by science of the *real* history of the universe—he will tell of the majestic progress of ideas; and in prophetic vision, standing on the shoulders of the generations of the past, he will see and point us to the Promised Land. He will sing that the Creation is not yet finished; that as the ammonite and trilobite have given place to man, so man himself shall be succeeded by other forms more beautiful, other souls more elevated, other beings more and yet more God like."

Union Pacific Railroad.

The January bulletin of the Union Pacific Railroad is no less wonderful than its predecessors. Fifteen hundred miles of track are now announced as laid by the two roads which are hurrying towards each other, and but two hundred and fifty miles are wanting to complete the grand through line and belt the continent. July 1 coming is fixed for the first through train.

Public interest, of course, is now directed chiefly to the approximate calculation of the probable earnings of the tremendous road as some gauge of the value of the bonds, which, with their gold interest, afford so tempting an inducement to invest ment.

The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, for the year ending June 30, 1868, were.	$1,240,040 73
Net earnings after paying all expenses and interest	478,403 59
Gross earnings for six months, ending Jan. 1, 1869, were upwards of	3,000,000 00
Earnings of Central Pacific, in gold, for six months, ending Jan 1, 1869, were.	$1,750,000
Expenses, in gold	$550,000
Interest, in gold	450,000 1,000,000
Net profit of Central Pacific, after paying all interest and expenses for six months.	$ 750,000
The present gross earnings of the Union and Central Pacific Railroad, monthly, are	$1,200,000

This is satisfactory, so far as it goes, but it pales before the estimated income from the trade that will seek the through line when once completed. A search through the insurance and shipping lists proves that at least the following amount of business with California is done

Ships going from the Atlantic around Cape Horn, 100; 80,000 tons.

Steamships connecting at Panama with California and China, 55; 120,000 tons.

Overland trains, stages, horses, etc., 30,000 tons.

This, of course, will seek the quick route, and is of itself a princely revenue, without calculating on the traffic and commerce which a line of communication always opens and begets for itself. It is estimated that the present freight and travel *both ways will foot up to 174,000* passengers, which, at $100 a head, will bring $17,400,000, and 180,000 tons, which, at one dollar per cubic foot, will come to $15,640,050, making a gross increase of $33,040,000. Certainly this sum should be large enough to see the corporation through *Phila. Press.*

(From the N Y Times, Jan 28)

The bill authorizing the construction of an airline railroad from New York to Washington, now before the Senate, reopens a question which in its original shape long ago passed out of the partisan arena. The constitutional battle on the subject of national appropriations for internal improvements was practically finished in the days of Henry Clay. The right of the Government to grant money for public works in the various States was then contested and in the end upheld. The Cumberland road was the occasion of a controversy in which the respective pretensions of Federal and local power were argued with reference to the expressed or implied meaning of the Constitution. There were differences of opinion even among those who were favorable to the policy, considered in its bearing upon public interests, both Madison and Monroe affirming the necessity of amending the Constitution as a preliminary to the contemplated legislation. Mr. Clay's view triumphed. Congress declared itself possessed of power under the Constitution as it is to make appropriations for the construction of national works extending into various States and the principle thus laid down has from then until now been acted upon with comparatively little opposition from any quarter. The Democratic party, as such, no longer opposes. Now and then "strict construction" paints the logs of the dead, only to be laughed at by their Western friends. For the necessities of the West have made it a unit on the subject, and applications for the improvement of harbors and rivers, for the construction of roads or canals, go through without suggesting other considerations than those which relate to the expediency of national character of the particular work and the ability of the Treasury to furnish the loan. In the abstract, the policy of internal improvements is all but universally accepted as within the power vested in the General Government by the organic law

By Overland Telegraph

LATEST FROM THE PACIFIC

DATES TO FEBRUARY 19.

Congressional

WASHINGTON, Feb 18.—The Senate [illegible] session appointments

Conness, in the Postal Committee set [illegible] with amendments, the steamship subsidy [illegible]

Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee reported with amendments, the House bill [illegible] ing [illegible] in relation to Virginia. It provides [illegible] representation as a separate district [illegible] shall be entitled to [illegible] May 20th. The General Assembly is to meet in July in case the [illegible] is ratified. Trumbull says [illegible] obviously essential to a [illegible] matter.

Grimes, from the Naval Committee, reported with several amendments, the House bill [illegible] prize money to Farragut's officers and men who assisted in the capture of New Orleans. Also a bill to compensate the officers and crew of the Kearsarge.

Have introduced a bill requiring the planting of trees on homestead and pre-emption land.

On motion of Morton the resolution was taken up to pay Senators from the Southern States, from the [illegible] out of the Fortieth Congress. After a discussion the subject was postponed

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up and considered until half past three, when the Senate went into executive session, and soon after took a recess.

At the evening session the credentials of Thurman, Senator from Ohio, were presented

The Senate passed a bill to regulate the franking privilege, just as it came from the House.

Ramsey reported a bill abolishing the franking privilege after the 1st of July. Conkling moved to amend by repealing all laws conferring the franking privilege upon Congressmen. The amendment was adopted, and the bill was rejected by 16 to 18.

The Senate adjourned.

In the House, Boutwell stated that he had intended to report a bill establishing a Provisional Government for Mississippi, but being assured that the Democrats would resist the passage of such a bill by all parliamentary means, he felt obliged to abandon its presentation at present. He assured his friends, however, that he would immediately after the 4th of March test the capacity of this side of the House to pass that or a similar measure.

Eldridge, for the Democrats, intended now and at all times to resist any effort to territorialize any State of the Union.

Peters addressed the House on the New Mexico contested election case.

The House took a recess

At the evening session the consideration of the army appropriation bill was resumed, in the Committee of the Whole.

Garfield says Grant does not desire any reduction except by absorption.

Dodge offered a substitute, placing the matter of the reduction of the army and consolidation of the Quartermaster, Substistence and Paymaster's Departments in the hands of the President after March 4th. *The substitute was adopted.*

Butler's amendment was agreed to by a vote of 57 to 56.

The vote to lay the bank bill on the table was reconsidered. Pomeroy moved that the bill be recommitted with instructions to report back the first three sections.

Coburn moved to amend and instruct the committee to report back the fourth section as amended yesterday by his substitute. Carried—87 to 76. Other instructions were offered and rejected. A motion to table the bill was lost—84 to 96. Pomeroy's motion, as amended by Coburn, was then adopted without division. A substitute was offered by Dodge, when the committee rose and reported the bill to the House. Pomeroy immediately reported back the bill as instructed. The bill passed—106 to 77.

Blaine offered a substitute which amends Butler's and Dodge's. It provides that until the army is reduced to twenty infantry, five cavalry, and five artillery regiments, no new commissions shall be issued to any regiment. It directs the Secretary of War to consolidate regiments as rapidly as the requirements of the service and the regulations of the officers will permit till the aforesaid minimum is reached. Also, that till further provided by law there shall be no new appointments in the Adjutant's, Inspector General's, pay, or Quartermaster's, or Ordnance, or Medical Departments. Without a vote on the amendment the House adjourned.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Feb 18.—A majority of the Senate Pacific Railroad Committee are preparing a report on the bill granting aid to the Northern Pacific railroad. It recites the considerations which induced them to adopt the policy of extending the government credit to the railroad lines.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs have unanimously agreed to recommend the rejection of the *Alabama* treaty. They have also agreed to favorably recommend the naturalization treaty, also the treaty leaving to the Government of Switzerland the arbitration of the San Juan Island dispute.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The President has refused to pardon Col. Enright, now in prison for frauds on the revenue.

The *Sun's* Washington special says Grant yesterday told a Republican member of Congress that he had no idea of selecting any member of his cabinet who was not with that party during the war, or who has not acted with it since. He would consider any other course an insult to the party which elected him.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Mr. Butler's amendment to the army bill was adopted by the House last night. It discontinues the office of generals after the 4th of March. The office of lieutenant general will not be filled when the vacancy occurs. It reduces the number of major generals to three and brigadiers six.

The *Republican's* special says the Senate Postal Committee has agreed to report the bill directing the Postmaster General to contract with the New York & Antwerp Steamship Co. for the transportation of mails in the steamships built in the United States, touching at Southampton. It contains no subsidy whatever beyond the inland and ocean postage.

The opinion prevails that there will be a long session after the 4th of March.

Several appropriation bills will probably not be reached by the present Congress.

Miscellaneous

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—James Weaver and Jas McQuade were arrested on a charge of robbery of $120,000 of United States Pacific Railroad bonds from the First National Bank of New Windsor, Maryland, and were taken to Maryland to-day on a requisition from the Governor. One hundred thousand of the money was found in their possession and identified by the officers of the Bank.

Western Union Telegraph company, $47@48

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 18.—James F. Babcock was nominated by the Democrats for Congress in the Second District.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 18.—The steamer *Glendale* took fire in the pilot house seven miles above this city to day. The boat was run ashore, the women and children safely landed and the captain and crew extinguished the flames by the most heroic efforts. The damage was slight and nobody hurt.

OTTAWA, C W, Feb 18.—The Newfoundland Legislature has voted against the adoption of the address in reply to the Governor's speech recommending union with Canada.

OSWEGO, Feb. 18.—The Delaware and Lackawanna railroad has purchased and leased three lines of road, forming an independent and direct route from the seaboard to Lake Ontario.

ELMIRA, N Y., Feb 18.—*Benjamin Loy*, a distinguished temperance advocate, died suddenly to day, at his residence in Penn Yan.

From Cuba

HAVANA, Feb 18.—Engagements are reported with the insurgent troops in the vicinity of Cienfuegos

Two thousand troops are expected to-morrow from Spain

The Spanish are confident that the rebellion will finally be suppressed. The authorities are gilding the prisons with suspected parties and the emigration of Cubans is increasing.

Several ships have arrived and the Government is arming them and cruizing along the coast, and having parties for the interior.

Cardenas has arrived. Senor Adriata Spanish official has gone back as a prisoner.

Sugars is less active.

KEY WEST, Feb 18.—One hundred and thirty seven Cuban refugees arrived yesterday. More are arriving.

Nevada Dispatch

VIRGINIA CITY, Feb. 18.—Wells, Fargo & Co shipped last evening, four bars weighing 1,189 pounds, valued at $29,382 13

The Pacific Union company shipped five bars valued at $7,922 05.

The Savage mining company have shipped this week, $74,635 18 in bullion and enough ore in sight for many similar shipments.

John McLane, a miner in the Confederate shaft, fell fifty feet down the shaft, yesterday, cracking a leg bone and spraining his thumb.

A steel wire cable was broken in the Imperial Empire shaft Wednesday. No damage, owing to the use of the patent safety cage.

The light stages for Reno leave at 8 o'clock.

The *Enterprise* of this date says persons well posted in regard to the present condition of the leading mines on the Comstock range, inform us that the general situation was never better and that a new and richer belt is now being entered upon in those mines which are opened to the greatest depth.

Nearly all the mills in the country, both steam and water, are at present in operation, though some, owing to the bad state of the roads, are running light.

The miners confined in the Imperial shaft were let out to day, after one week's incarceration. The good pay streak was not struck as hoped for.

Stockton Dispatch.

STOCKTON, Feb. 19.—While Mr. Arthur Cornwall and wife were taking a buggy ride in the vicinity of the Asylum to day, the horse took fright, ran away, upsetting the vehicle and throwing Mr. and Mrs. Cornwall to the ground. Mrs Cornwall's dress caught in the buggy, and she was dragged some distance, but fortunately escaped with a few bruises. Mr. Cornwall, however, was more seriously injured. One of his legs was badly fractured near the ankle, and the fractured bone was pushed through the flesh and the leg of the boot causing him to suffer intense pain

A company for dredging sloughs and improving the navigation of this county has been formed in this city, under the name of the San Joaquin Dredging Company.

Notwithstanding the late heavy rains, the Tuolumne river is again at a low stage, the steamer running from here experiencing much difficulty in reaching Paradise City.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £62,000 since Thursday

MADRID, Feb 18. Lopez, Minister for the Colonies, has issued a decree, to take effect in the colonies of Spain and establishing a uniform system of equal jurisdiction. It abolishes ecclesiastical courts and makes various modifications in the financial administration of the colonies.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—*The Conference of the Great Powers* to-day received a communication from Athens which contains the reply of Greece to the propositions of the Conference. The reply is satisfactory. A resolution was adopted that Greece, having yielded to the Great Powers, reserves her right to protect the Christian inhabitants. The representatives of the Powers finally signed the protocol and the Conference was dissolved. The *Minister of the Interior announces* his intention to repress all abuse of the privileges of public meetings

MADRID, Feb 18. The Cortes has requested Serrano to reorganize the Cabinet.

FROM THE NORTH.

VICTORIA, Feb. 19.—Indian Harry, indicted for the wilful murder of another Indian named Sack, was convicted yesterday. The Chief Justice sentenced the Indian and a Kanaka, convicted of the murder of his wife and child, to be hanged on a day to be hereafter designated by the Executive.

SEATTLE, Feb. 19.—The revenue cutter *Jo Lane*, from Port Townsend, arrived here this morning. A new steamer, 124 feet long, 23 feet beam and 12 feet depth of hold, will be launched at Port Discovery about the 22d inst. She will load with lumber and proceed to San Francisco early in March, where her machinery will be put in her.

A steam engine has been set up in Jerusalem but. This will prove a second temple greater than the first. We can imagine some call me up to the world as Solomon did, "Send me now therefore, a man cunning to work in gold and in silver and in brass, and in iron, and in purple and in crimson and blue and that can skill to grave with the cunning men that are with me in Judah and in Jerusalem, whom David my father did provide." The call has been answered. To behold his temple, Solomon gathered all the strangers that were in the land of Israel and they were found a hundred and fifty thousand and three thousand and six hundred. And he set three score and ten thousand of them to be bearers of burdens, and fourscore thousand to be hewers in the mountains, and three thousand and six hundred overseers to set the people a work. The second temple has been set up by a Jew and with many ostentation. The first made of Jerusalem the most interesting city of the East, the latter will, with its silent forces, make it more powerful and beautiful than Solomon in all his glory did

GENERAL PARAGRAPHS

By Overland Mail.

R A PILLARD AT COLLEGE FOR SMYTHE

RICHMOND, Va., Jan 27, 1869

[illegible] A Pollard, in a published letter to day, says the statements made by Collector Smythe to the Committee on Retrenchment, in relation to his connection with the New York Custom House, are utterly false. First, the Collector's allegation that the name E. M. Pollard misled him as to the character of the individual, Pollard calls a paltry falsehood, Smythe being intimately acquainted with him and *fully aware of the mistake* in the initial letter of his name in the appointment when corrected by direction of Smythe. Second, as to the oath taken, Pollard hesitated only at the phrase "Support to the enemies of the United States," which Smythe's Secretary explained did not incapacitate him more than it did Wood or Villard than Third, Pollard states that, instead of removing him, the Collector induced him to resign, on the distinct agreement that he, Pollard, might continue to draw his salary, assigning as a reason that his appointment seriously embarrassed Smythe's confirmation as Minister to Russia. The plan agreed upon, that Pollard should send in his resignation at the request of Smythe, was at once carried into effect, but Pollard has not received any salary beyond the month of December, in the latter part of which he resigned. He concludes his letter by accusing Smythe of derelection and of commencing his diplomatic career by diplomatizing him out of his situation, which was procured through the influence of powerful friends.

RESTORING REBEL OFFICERS.

From the New York Sun, Jan 28

The Attorney General has given an opinion that "a remission of the penalty by pardon necessarily carries with it the restoration of the officer to his pre-existing capacity and rights, under the law of the service, to occupy a place on the list of his grade appropriate to the date of his commission the officer losing, of course, such opportunities for promotion as may in the meantime have occurred." It would probably strike the country as a little unjust if, under the construction of the President's amnesty proclamation, all the officers who left the army to join in the rebellion should be restored to the rank they held when they quit them. Lee probably would not meet with a very warm reception. Nor would the fact that they have lost "opportunities for promotion" during the war be a very adequate consolation.

UNIVERSAL PEACE UNION.

[From the Philadelphia Press.]

The *American branch of the Universal Peace Union* was recently in session in Washington. The following resolution was passed: "That all ideas of punishment, both in human and divine government, should be done away with as at war with the law of love. The present system of discipline in the family, the school and the prison, founded on this idea, is unworthy of the civilization of to-day, to say nothing of Christianity." *Representative men and women were present from various States.* The President stated, amid great applause that he had learned from Governor Geary that Hester Vaughan, some time since sentenced to death in Philadelphia for killing her infant child, would not be executed, and that Jay Cooke would pay her passage home to England.

The Alaska Fur Trade.

It is officially reported that the Russian American Fur Company, from the small prices paid to the hunters of Alaska, must realize over one thousand per cent, upon the first cost of the skins. The Russian American Company have for the last fifteen years kept employed in their trade from twelve to fifteen steam sailing vessels, all built or purchased by themselves. Their exports between the years 1842 and 1862 were as follows: 1,862,122 skins, of various fur breeding animals, of which 372,894 were of the fur seal, and 808,000 were of the mink. Besides this, they exported during the same time, 9,000 pounds of Castoreum, 8,208 pieces of Beaver tail, and 40,578 pieces of paws. Castoreum is a substance of strong penetrating smell, of a light brown or yellowish color when fresh, and of a reddish brown when dried. It is obtained from two secretory sacs, one in each groin of the beaver, and is used as a medicine for its supposed antispasmodic properties. The Islands of St. Paul and St. George are asserted to be very rich in seal fur, and the assignees of the Russian American Fur Company, and other persons, are in Washington endeavoring to obtain the sole right of conducting the fisheries on the islands of St. Paul and St George and the Aleutian islands. A bill introduced into Congress proposes to limit the number of seals to be killed annually on the island of St. Paul to 75,000, and upon the island of St. George to 25,000. This number, it is stated, can be captured without exhausting the supply.

Several bills on the Alaska fur trade are now under the consideration of the Committee on Commerce, and it is conjectured that a law will be passed dividing the islands into sections, establishing intervals during which hunting shall not be allowed in certain sections, and fixing the largest number to be taken from each annually, so as not to exhaust the supply; prohibiting the use of firearms on the islands (which scatters and drives the seals away if practiced too much), and forcing a continuance of the old custom of using spears and arrows; preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors to the inhabitants, taxing the skins or a dollar each, and empowering the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the right to engage in the traffic at the highest price per annum obtainable from responsible parties, for each section separately, with a view of giving the opportunity to all who wish to engage in the trade, and cheapen furs by breaking up the old monopoly and preventing a new one.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice.

I HEREBY WARN THE PUBLIC THAT FROM AND after this date I will not pay any more bills contracted by my son, Charles Burch. C. D. BURCH

Portland, Feb 19, 1869 feb19d6t

WINDOW GLASS.

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED SIZES —from 7x9 to 30x50— at the lowest market rates. Same will be cut to order when desired

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

97 FRONT STREET.

For Liverpool, Direct

THE NEW A 1 AMERICAN CLIPPER BARK

HELEN ANCIER,

[illegible] tons capacity, E. STAPLES, Commander, will leave this Port for Liverpool direct, on or about the 10th of March. This offers the most favorable opportunity to send wheat to the best market in the world.

Liberal advances made on Consignments, at a low rate of interest.

For Freight, &c., having most of her cargo engaged apply to McCRACKEN, MERRILL & CO

Portland, Feb 11, 1869 d2waw4t

Grape Cuttings.

I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM THE VINEyards of California, and have

A FEW THOUSAND CUTTINGS,

of the Earliest, Hardiest and Best Varieties of Grapes now being cultivated in that country.

Persons desiring will give me a call, or order through mail or Express. Prices reasonable.

I also have the Agency of the "SWEEPSTAKES" GANG-PLOW, which may be seen at Hopkins'.

I. F. STREET,

feb1 Daw1m 5p East Portland

J. F. CAPLES. J. C. MORELAND, Notary Public

CAPLES & MORELAND,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

NE FOOT FRONT & WASHINGTON STS.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

d29 2plm

SAM. A. MORELAND,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office: Up Stairs, No. 100 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON

[illegible] d1

MRS. F. DALTON,

WILL GIVE LESSONS IN VOCAL AND PIANO Music. *Great very reasonable.* For particulars call or address at Sherman & Hoffman's Music Store, or at Residence, corner 24th and Madison streets

feb1dtf

BOOK PAPER.

JUST RECEIVED, an invoice of 40 and 44 lb Book Papers. For sale low by

HENRY L. PITTOCK,

No 5 Washington street

ALL GENTLEMEN CHANKERY FOR THE FINE [illegible] at

N E corner of First and Washington streets.

feb6dtf W B NORMAN.

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS CIGAR AND VARIETY Store in Portland

N E corner of First and Washington streets.

feb6dtf W B NORMAN

SIXTH ANNUAL BALL

OF THE

WASHINGTON GUARD!

AT

ARMORY HALL,

On the Evening of February 22d, 1869

Committee of Arrangements:

H W HEATH	S V FULLER
JAS ROTHWELL	C C McCLEMMEN
ED WICKS	J J JEFFERY
JNO COTTER	J DAVIDSON

A BUSHWELLER

TICKETS $2 50

Military [illegible] are requested to appear in Uniform feb13dtd

ADVERTISE

IN THE

Willamette Farmer!

THE WILLAMETTE FARMER WILL be issued March 1st, with a circulation of

One Thousand Copies!

furnished by the Oregon State Agricultural Society.

It is the BEST medium in the State through which the Business Men can reach the Farmer and Mechanic.

Address A. L. STINSON.

feb19d3t2p Salem.

For Victoria, V. I.,

Fort Tongass, Fort Wrangle,

AND SITKA, ALASKA.

THE STEAMSHIP

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

HENRY LANGDON. .....Commander,

Will sail for the above Ports on or about

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1869,

Immediately after arrival of next steamer *Continental*.

For Freight or Passage, apply ON BOARD

Portland, Feb 15, 1869 dtd

THE SALEM

FLOUR MILLS!

ARE RUNNING AND IN

Complete Operation!

THE PROPRIETORS HAVING SECURED THE services of a head miller from the well known "Pearl & Saxon's mills, of St Louis, Mo., which stand so high in the New York market, they think they are prepared to manufacture as good an article of Flour as any mills on the Pacific coast

Family, Bakers' Extra, Superfine,

and Graham Flour, constantly on hand. Also, Middlings, Shorts, Bran and Chopped Feed

feb16d2m R. C. KINNEY, Agent

VELOCIPEDES,

All Kinds and Sizes,

For sale, and made to order, by

PALMER, KNOX & CO.

GOLDEN STATE IRON WORKS,

19 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

Parties having purchased previous to Dec 1st will please return and exchange for our *Improved Machines*

feb1 daw2m

REDEMPTION.

State Relief Bonds.

STATE OF OREGON, Treasurer's Office, Salem, Feb. 17, 1869

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, at his office, until 12 o'clock M., March 15th, 1869 for the surrender of RELIEF BONDS, issued under the provisions of "An Act of the Legislative Assembly, granting Relief to Volunteers of this State enlisted in the service of the United States, approved Oct. 24, 1864," at the lowest rates (not exceeding par value), as may redeem the greatest number of Bonds. Bids to include interest to date of surrender.

Ten Thousand Dollars now in the Treasury applicable to the redemption of said bonds.

Bids addressed to E. N COOKE,

feb15dtd State Treasurer

Straw Paper.

Straw Paper.

Straw Paper.

FROM CLACKAMAS PAPER MILLS. For sale in the Trade at LESS THAN ALBION'S PRICES

H. L. PITTOCK & Co.,

no6 No 5 Washington street

Terms of the Select Private School,

CONDUCTED BY

B. CORNELIUS, A.M.

For Pupils under [illegible] years of age [illegible]

[illegible] above [illegible]

NO EXTRA CHARGES!

The Third Term will [illegible] on Monday [illegible] Payments quarterly, in advance

OSCAR KILBORN,

AUCTIONEER.

WILL ATTEND TO THE SALE OF REAL ESTATE Stocks, Merchandise, &c., at

AUCTION

OFFICE, No. 3 Holmes' Building.

feb4dtf

For Sale.

AT A LOW FIGURE

ONE SOLAR CAMELA

ONE VIEW TUBE [illegible]

ONE 1-3 PORTRAIT TUBE

TWO [illegible] PORTRAIT TUBES, one Box

At Watts'

feb4tf AT BUTCHEL'S GALLERY.

THE LADIES BUY THEIR BEAUTIFUL BASkets and Toys for the Children at

N E corner of First and Washington streets

feb6dtf W B NORMAN

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE [illegible] GENERAL [illegible]

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug26 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

At Private Sale.

[illegible] FURNITURE, [illegible] IRON

SCREWS, BITTS, [illegible] G IRON

Large [illegible] FOR BS & LIQUORS

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sales

OF

Groceries, Furniture,

General Merchandise, &c.

ON SATURDAY, FEB. 20, 1869,

At 10 o'clock A M

I am instructed by Auction Sales Room,

50 mats JAVA COFFEE;

2 bags RIO

ALSO

[illegible] Cases CANDLES

150 [illegible] C O SOAP

ALSO,

20 chests CHOICE JAPAN TEA

[illegible] FOO YUNG RAISINS

ALSO,

[illegible] bbls DRIED APPLES

[illegible] DRIED PEACHES.

ALSO

FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

I will sell at the Court House door, on

Thursday, Feb. 25, '69,

At 2 o'clock, P. M.,

Block 1 in Caruther's Addition to the City of Portland.

ALSO

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, [illegible] 16 and 17 in Block 85, Eighty Feet

ALSO

Fractional parts of Lots 5 and [illegible] in Block 8

ALSO

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, [illegible] 7, 8, [illegible] and [illegible] in Block Eighty-Six 86

ALSO

Fractional parts of Lots 7 and 8 in Block 87

ALSO

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Block Eighty-Seven

ALSO

Fractional parts of Lots 4 and [illegible] in Block 88

ALSO

Fractional parts of Lots 2, 3, 4 and [illegible] in Blocks Eighty-Eight (88) and Eighty-Nine (89)

The above described property with exception of Block F as in Raleigh's addition to the City of Portland. This property is also situated in a rapidly improving neighborhood, and attention of parties desiring to make investments is particularly called to this sale.

Terms: Cash in U S Gold Coin

Cost of deeds at purchasers expense

W S LADD,

Administrator of estate of P Raleigh, dec'd.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

PIONEER

MACHINE SEWING FACTORY

AND

REPACKING ESTABLISHMENT.

ESTABLISHED 1853.

ALL KINDS OF BAGS ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER. MERCHANDISE REPACKED.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED AS REPRESENTED.

An Insurance Policy covering all losses by fire, on Goods in transit for Manufacture or Repacking.

J. W. COOK,

NO. 1 CENTRAL BLOCK,

FRONT STREET

d4—2p Below O S N Co's Buildings

ON HAND AND FOR SALE!

40,000 GILROY'S BEST BURLAP GRAIN BAGS,

30,000 FLOUR SACKS;

WIDE DUCK, FOR WAGON COVERS, TENTS, &c.

MACHINE SEWING TWINE.

Also—BURLAPS 30-INCH COTTON GOODS, &c., FOR BAGGING J. W. COOK.

d4tf

S. SHERLOCK & CO.

52 Front St., Portland,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

SADDLES!

BRIDLES, WHIPS,

DOUBLE & SINGLE BUGGY HARNESS,

EXPRESS AND DRAY HARNESS,

MULE HARNESS,

TEAM COLLARS

Hill's Concord Stage Harness!

HARNESS LEATHER, SKIRTING,

APPARAJO and BRIDLE LEATHER,

CALIFORNIA TREE,

ENAMELED DUCKING

SHEEP SKINS,

STAGE LASHES

WHALEBONE STALKS, &c.

Importing direct from the best, we offer all the advantage obtained in the San Francisco market. A large and well assorted stock constantly on hand. au7d3m

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New York & Portland

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARK

WALTER RALEIGH